


# Bootstrap statistical approach using R software to evaluate multimodal quantitative results in food microbiology PTs

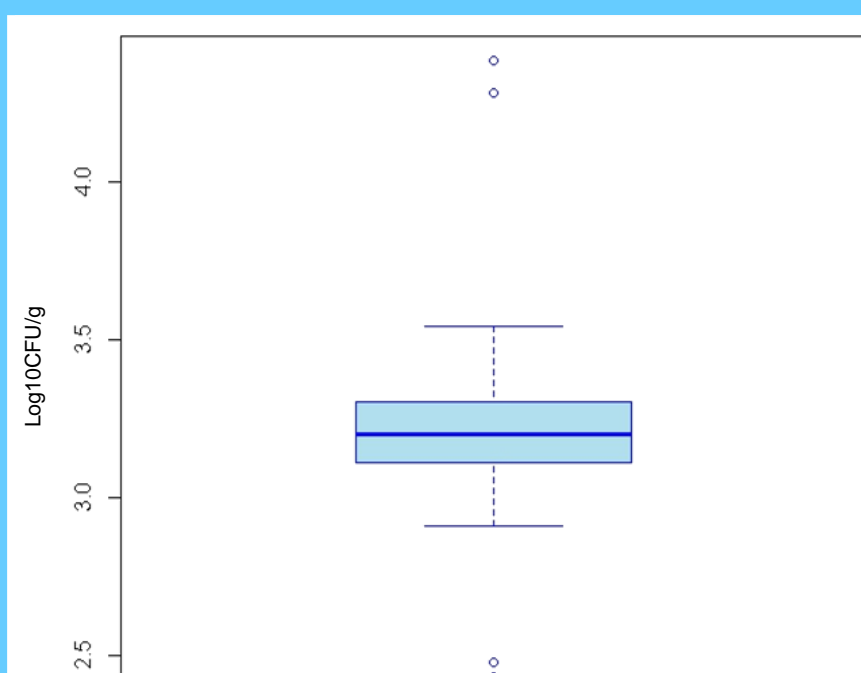
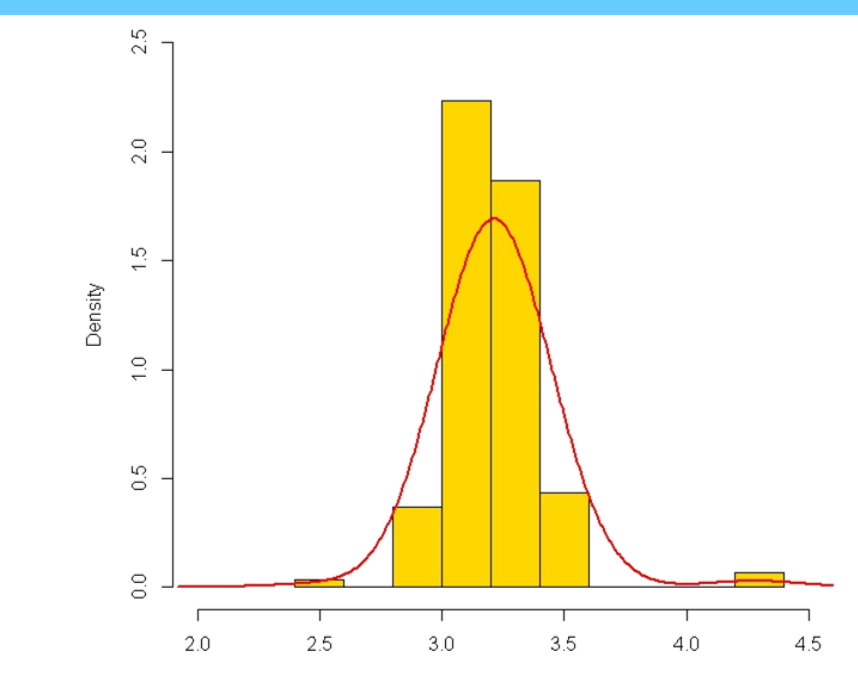
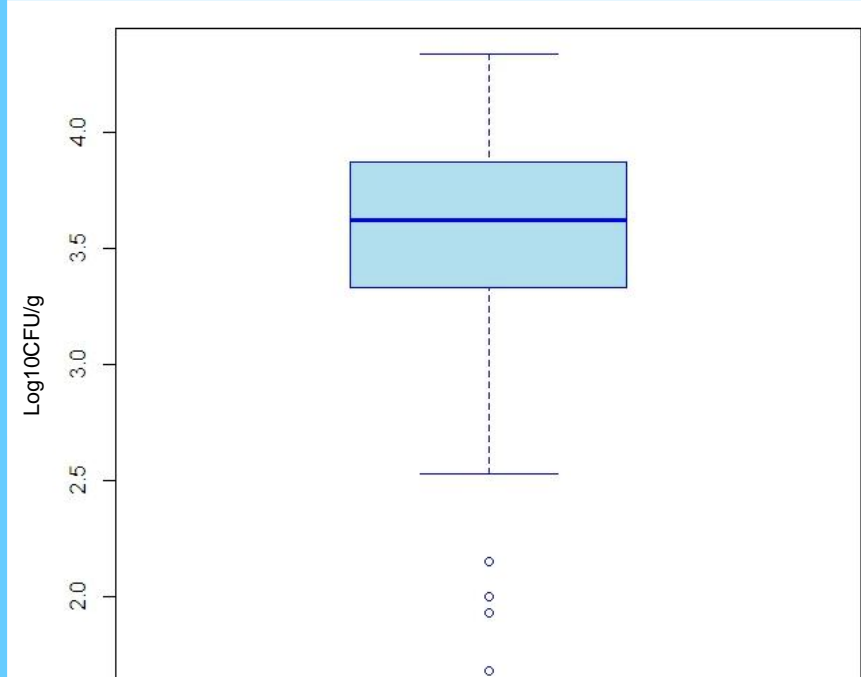
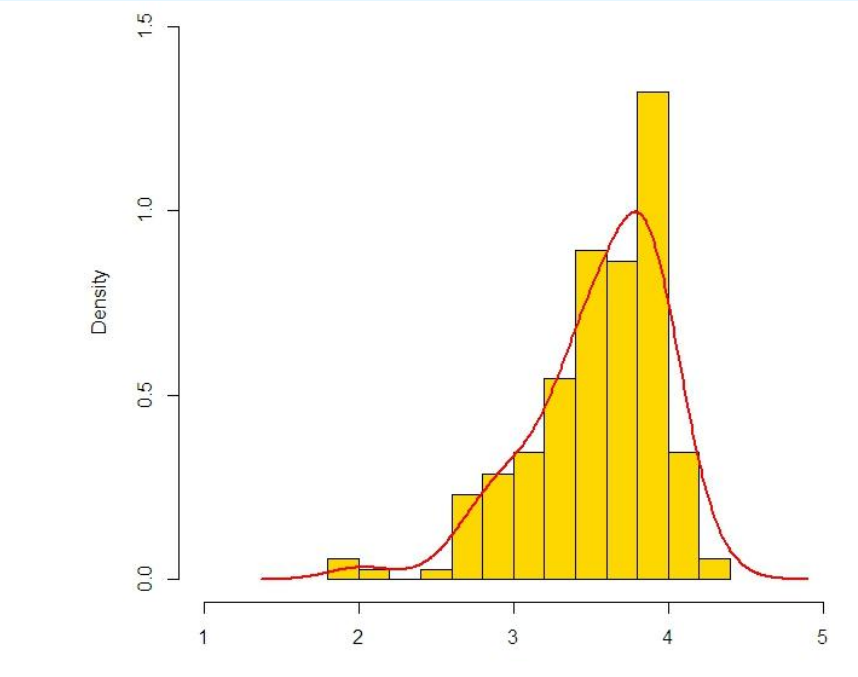
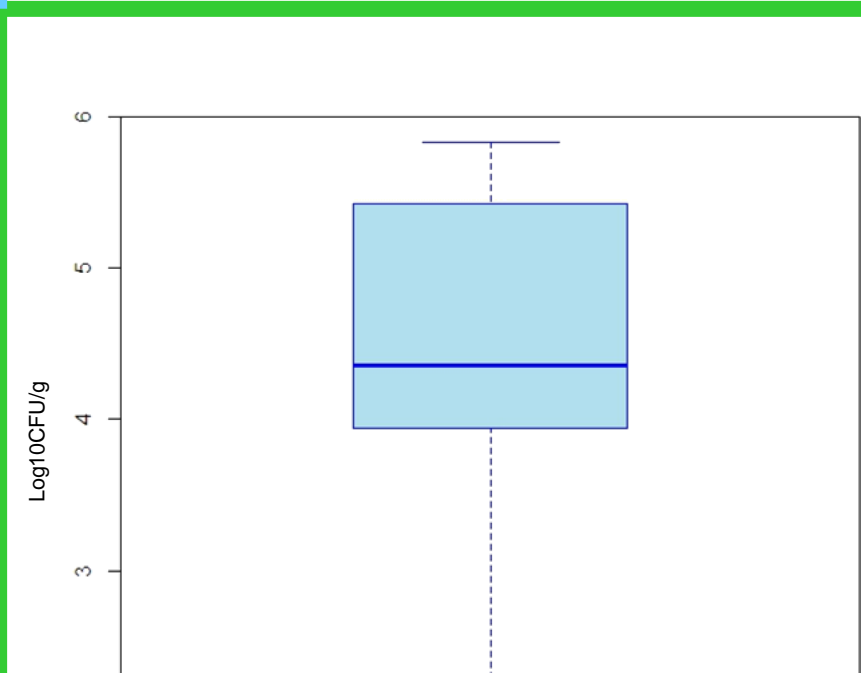
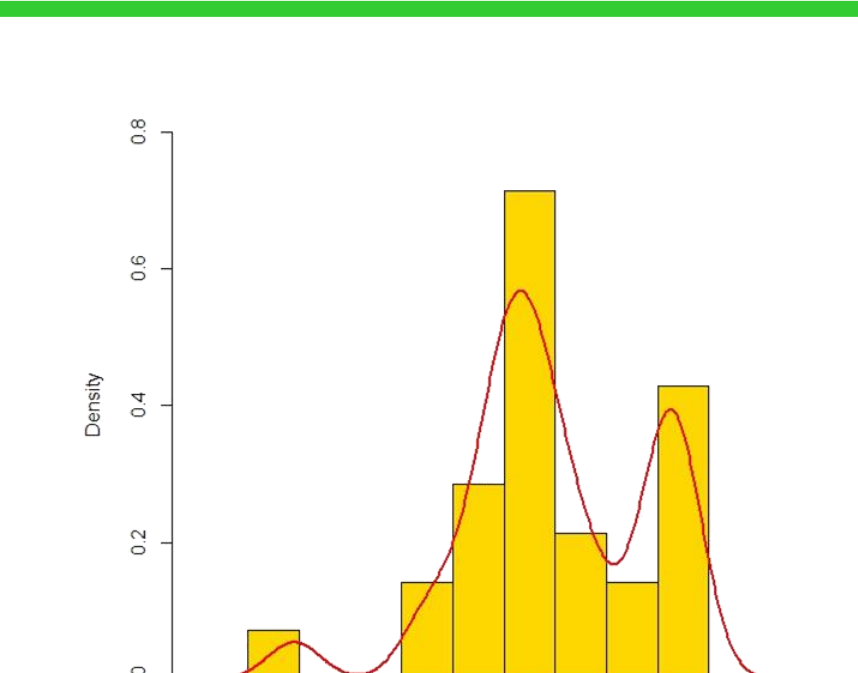
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Statistical analysis has an essential role in the PT evaluation especially when the distribution of quantitative results is multimodal or strongly asymmetric, outliers aside. A possible solution is to estimate the modes of kernel density function of data distribution by using the bootstrap technique. The case of *Clostridium perfringens* (CFU/g) PT, accredited according to ISO/IEC 17043:2010 by the Italian Accreditation Body "Accredia".

## How was the data distribution of last *Clostridium perfringens* PT?

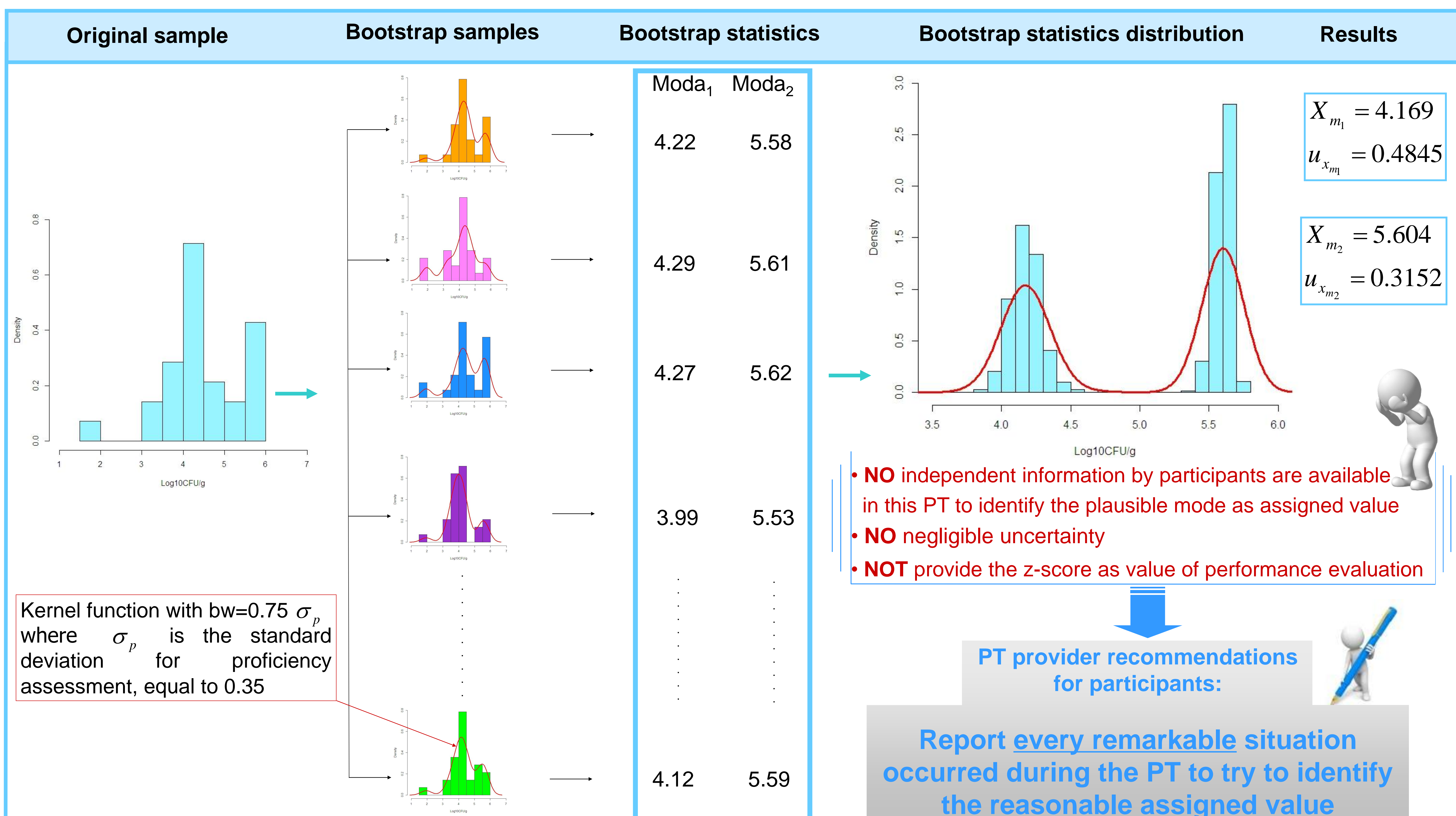


Box plot	Histogram and kernel function density	Conditions without outliers	Procedure
		Unimodal and symmetric or slightly asymmetric	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><math>X^*</math> = Robust average by Algorithm A of ISO 13528</li> <li><math>\sigma_p</math> for proficiency assessment</li> <li><math>u_{x^*} = \sigma_p / \sqrt{n}</math></li> <li>Uncertainty negligible condition <math>u_{x^*} &lt; 0.3 \cdot \sigma_p</math></li> <li>z-score to performance evaluation</li> </ul>
		Unimodal but with a very strong asymmetry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><math>X_m</math> = bootstrap mode</li> <li><math>\sigma_p</math> for proficiency assessment</li> <li><math>u_{x_m} = se_{x_m}</math></li> <li>Uncertainty negligible condition <math>u_{x_m} &lt; 0.3 \cdot \sigma_p</math></li> <li>z-score to performance evaluation</li> </ul>
		Multimodal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><math>X_{m_1}</math> and <math>X_{m_2}</math>: bootstrap modes</li> <li><math>\sigma_p</math> for proficiency assessment</li> <li><math>u_{x_{m_1}} = se_{x_{m_1}}</math> and <math>u_{x_{m_2}} = se_{x_{m_2}}</math></li> <li>z-score to performance evaluation if <u>the plausible mode is identifiable from available independent information by participants and its uncertainty is negligible</u> <math>u_{x_{m_i}} &lt; 0.3 \cdot \sigma_p</math></li> </ul>



box plot or histograms or dot plots often do not show the true data distribution:  
**kernel density plot RECOMMENDED!!!**

## Analysis of *Clostridium perfringens* multimodal data



Kernel function with  $bw=0.75 \sigma_p$  where  $\sigma_p$  is the standard deviation for proficiency assessment, equal to 0.35

### Bibliography:

- Thompson M., Ellison S.L.R., Wood R., "The International Harmonised Protocol for the Proficiency Testing of Analytical Chemistry Laboratories (IUPAC Technical report)"
- ISO 13528 Statistical methods for use in proficiency testing interlaboratory comparisons